TECHNICAL BULLETIN

AISI-A6Air Hardening Tool Steel Annealed

Typical Analysis:

Carbon 0.70

Chromium 1.00

Mang. 2.00

Silicon 0.25

Moly. 1.25

HEAT TREATMENT

Forging 2175°F, stop at 1800°F and cool slowly.

Normalizing Do not norma!ize.

1400°F, furnace-cool at 20°F/hr to 1290°F; Annealing

cool at10°F/hr to 1100°F; air cool to room

temperature - 229 HB, max.

Hardening 1500 °F, air guench.

Tempering 400°F, average hardness after

treatment - ROCKWELL C 59.

Machinability — A-6 has a machinability rating of 70 when compared to a rating of 100 for a 1.00% carbon tool steel.

Critical Points - The following critical points were determined by heating a dilatometer specimen at 100°F/hr and cooling at 50°F/hr.

Heating — Ac range 1360 to 1420°F Cooling - Ar range 1240 to 1190°F

Dimensional Stability — When quenched in air from the proper hardening temperature, A-6 can be expected to expand no more than 0.001 in./in. of cross section or have a volume increase of no more than 0.3% from the annealed condition to the guenched and tempered condition.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Hardening — Heat to an austenitizing temperature of 1550°F, holding at temperature for one hour per inch of greatest thickness. After air quenching, the piece should be tempered without delay upon reaching 150°F.

Tempering — A-6 tool steel is normally tempered for two hours per inch of greatest cross section. For most applications, a tempering temperature of 400°F is usually specified. If a given application requires higher toughness, a higher tempering temperature should be specified.

Specimens 1 in. square by 3 in. long were air hardened from 1550°F and tempered at various temperatures for two hours. The resulting hardnesses are listed below.

Te m Te m p e	pering rature-°F I	Rockwell C
3	00	62
3	50	60
4	00	59
5	00	58
6	00	56
7	00	54
8	00	52
9	00	51
10	00	49
11	00	47
12	00	41

